

TASK1: Summary of Partners' work

What is happening now, despite all the chaos, is also a very good time for reflection and observation of the surrounding reality, environment, country and the world .

The situation with covid-19 causes each of us, as a participant of it, to start to notice new problems, new weaknesses, new areas that need improvement.

In this task it was time to travel in Game Changers minds and to reflect on the present.



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Presentation of the results

- colors of frames








How COVID-19 changed students' life?

DAILY LIFE

SCHOOL

RELATION WITH OTHER PEOPLE

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-  Osnovna šola Staneta Žagarja Lipnica
-  Elazig Doga High School
-  Institut de Vilafant
-  Pasvalys Levens basic school

Covid 19 affected our everyday life because of the fact that we had a routine everyday we were used to do things everyday .

People's lives changed a lot after this pandemic, some things that he took for granted he stopped considering.

In difficult times, the good people become better and the bad people become worse.

During this time, everyone showed their true faces.

Moreover, students realized that some things are more important for someone's life and it is not useless as they thought.

I finally found the time to watch some movies and read some books that I've wanted to for a long time!
A six month vacation which may be extended!!!

Our routine has changed completely. We used to hang out with my friends daily but right now we can only call each other. The majority of us can't go to volleyball practice or at the gym as we used to do every day and we have to train at home.

We realized that we can't take anything for granted and things could change from one moment to another.
Some other students say that they feel real good because they don't have to go to school and they can do whatever they want to.

The lives of the students have changed a lot. Everything went slower and more calmly. Classes are held at a distance.

Students have more time to tidy up their rooms.

They started using electronic devices even more.

Visiting gyms and fitness centers was banned, so training was canceled. Only individual walks in nature were allowed.

Student life has certainly become more isolated. Many choose to learn new subjects on their own, especially when

facing the task of retaining information from online classes. Their daily workload has decreased.

How COVID-19 changed students' life?

DAILY LIFE

Many things changed in our daily life because we are in quarantine. Our daily routine changed completely so we go to bed later and wake up later. We know that it is very difficult situation for everyone.

We have a lot of free time so we can do some sports from home and play game. We don't neglect play sports in our spare time and we have more time to start on our hobbies at home.

This situation is very hard for all the people because now we can't do the same things that we did before the pandemic.

COVID-19 changed all people's lives, but above all the students' lives. Our routine changed. We don't have the same timetable, we go to bed later and we wake up later.

COVID-19 changed our leisure activities because now we can't do some activities that we did after school. Some activities such as music offer online lessons but not all of them.

The lives of the students have changed a lot. Everything went slower and more calmly.

Classes are held at a distance.

Their daily workload has decreased, but their homework has become more copious. This means that the main focus of their study has become mostly self-sustained work. Although it may seem that the students aren't getting as many assignments as

they should, the sheer fact of their elevated success in self reliability with regards to the studying process shows that the lockdown can be capitalized on.

The COVID-19 outbreak changed entirely my life as a student ,since through the whole online learning. I had to be self-taught and have bigger responsibility for catching up with my daily studying schedule. However, I started appreciating the value that school has.

we continue their lessons online while they are trapped in their homes.

now they should get used to a different way of learning through internet only.

How COVID-19 changed students' life?

SCHOOL

We don't go to school. We went to school five days a week and now schools are closed and we have to do all of our work at home, on our own.

We do homework (a global project every week) at home using digital tools. But it's harder to do homework from home, because we're not used to it.

We think that the students that have been more affected are the ones who have important exams, graduations... this year.

We don't go to school so we have to do all of our work from house and we have to follow our classes online.

We use digital tools to do for everything.

According to us it is difficult to do work from home for everyone. We are still doing our homework and studying our lessons.

They all managed to find out how to spend their free time but they didn't have the chance to see their friends ,spend a little time with them and learn new things.

It was fun at first, but I've started to miss my friends and my grandparents...

Our routine has changed completely. We used to hang out with my friends daily but right now we can only call each other.

We also think that quarantine and covid 19 made us more anti-social because of the fact that we are not hanging out with our friends and we don't see other students and of course we don't see our teammates we don't go to school and to our activities.

They spend more time with their families.

There is less socializing with other people

How COVID-19 changed students' life?

RELATION WITH OTHER PEOPLE

Because of the lockdown, our social life changed because we can't hang out with friends or visit our families and the only thing we can do is call them or see them through a video call and talk about how our quarantine is going.

Our relationship with other people is almost nonexistent because we are in home and we can't go out.

Only we can call each other and see each other through video call and we always talk about our quarantine days.

We can help each other for our homework.

What are the main problems students have to deal with?

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Most of the students are getting bored and can find no way to exercise so they spend most of their time on their phones, wasting their time daily. Also, they have to be more careful than ever before about everything.

From personal experience, the only problem that I had to deal with was the overlapped online school schedule. For instance, during the first week many teachers were scheduling zoom meetings and others were submitting assignments due the same day and the whole situation was chaotic.

They can't go outside, see their friends in person and have fun. The alienation. The isolation syndrome. Not being able to meet with their friends and family members, not being able to go to practise or to the gym, transport, some have to deal with the stress that comes with not knowing what is going to happen with their big exams

Our lessons are not as interactive as they used to be and it's more difficult for me to concentrate. Training from home alone without equipment it's one of the problems we face during quarantine.

The problems that students have to deal with are sometimes the network/internet because of the fact that we have to call our teachers from school to be in a lesson sometimes we have difficulty in connecting in the lesson or we can't understand many things in the lesson because our teacher cannot give us examples on the homework we have and the reason why is the distance.

One main problem for students have to deal with is the fact that they are all the time in front of the gaming monitor or the screen of their smartphone. Another problem is for those who do sports that the training

Some students are bored.

We miss hanging out with friends and teaching on school premises. We are limited in most activities.

We believe that distance learning is not of the same quality as classroom learning. Distance learning requires a lot of organization and self-discipline.

On the other hand, there are conflicts with people with whom we spend more time together.

What are the main problems students have to deal with?

The lockdown doesn't present many issues overall, and most of the problems that show up are technical issues, such as a poorly functioning camera or microphone when it comes to online courses.

You could argue that deadlines have become more strict as well, as the flexibility that would have been offered in real classes that used to apply to the deadlines is no longer as available to students as before.

We don't have the same communication with our teacher. We can't have the teachers explaining the lessons, so now if we have doubts we ask the teachers through gmail or classroom, but it's not the same. It's better if they explain it to you in person.

Another problem is that some students are very lazy and they never find a moment to do homework. It's very difficult to concentrate. Not having a regular timetable is the main problem that we have.

Other problems are that we can't see the people we love the most. Sometimes we want to go out or be alone for a while and we can't.

Unfortunately there are a lot of problems. Especially we miss our friends and school.






We follow the distance education but it isn't same classroom teaching. We can't focus completely. Many students don't do own homework and attend the distance education.

We can't hang out our friends so we are bored. We want to do many things we love but we can't. Our teachers help us about many things.

Are students able to do anything about these problems?

If yes/no - what could it be?

Is anyone able to help?

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No - because students are not able to do a lot of things about these problems because it is not up to them. what is happening is way bigger than all of us.

You can confront the problem by going out for a quick walk whenever you are allowed to, but even so, if this keeps up for a long time, you start feeling the walls of your house closing in.

They should accept it and try to make the best of it. It's hard for them because their whole life changed suddenly.

Yes . There also many students who really want to help in this worldwide situation. For instance, they organize volunteering events to collect money and give it hospitals. students could strongly protest what is happening in schools at the moment or propose solutions that are feasible

Yes in some aspect in some aspects - students are able to fix these problems. First of all, students can find new ways to exercise inside their home doing workout programs that don't need any equipment. Furthermore, If they feel bored they can read books and watch series instead of sitting down and playing on their phones. Finally, there is a problem that is unfixable and that is coming face to face contact with their friends since it's not allowed may be softened by phone contact

Is anyone able to help?

The government it could help with the right choices that will get. They have to be more careful in any important decision, because what is happening now with their decisions it will affect directly or indirectly people's life in near future.

Nowadays, students ,in many cases, do not offer their help to others who need it, because they are arrogant, passive and selfish.

The school administration, teachers, organizations that are responsible for such problems could help them, trainers can help their athletes by giving them advice on how to workout, teachers can video-call with their students to guide them on their studies

We can help by following the instructions of the medical profession: we often wash and disinfect our hands, keep a safe distance, wear protective masks in public places and so on.

If we do not understand the subject matter, we can turn to teachers and ask for help.

If we are bored or if we quarrel with relatives, we can go to nature, meditate, read books, chat online, listen to music, do sport at home

We are pleased that the corona crisis has encouraged many people in Slovenia to start connecting and actively participating in anti-corruption protests.

Are students able to do anything about these problems?

If yes/no - what could it be?

Is anyone able to help?

Even though technical issues may be fixed by purchasing better technology, the students who have no need for such hardware other than for the purpose of online classes would essentially be wrongly investing their money.

With regards to deadlines, it must be accepted that they have to be as strict as they are already, because otherwise students wouldn't take the work seriously, therefore the administrations that oversee the students shouldn't change anything. It is up to the students themselves to adapt to the new challenges instead of trying to change the system.

Students can help. We can't find the solution to cure COVID-19, but we can stay at our home, protect ourselves, follow the sanitary rules, and be prudent. When we go out we can help by wearing a mask and gloves, respect the distance and wash our hands when we get home. If everyone does these things at the end we will make COVID-19 disappear.

If we're bored we can do activities, do sport at home, chat online etc. We have to be patient because if we aren't patient, we won't fight covid-19.

Regarding the homework, we can talk to teachers and organise a timetable for doing all the homework.






Yes certainly. When we go out, we should use the mask correctly and we should wash our hands frequently. People should keep social distance between us. If we follow the instructions, we can help. We have to stay at home. These instructions are very important for everyone.

Patient is the first rule for COVID-19. Thanks to this instructions, we can fight it. People can do many activities at home like playing game, doing sports, listening music, reading book etc...

People should learn to be patient and follow the instructions. We should protect ourselves and the others.

In your country, do all families have access to digital tools?

Are students using technology and online tools to finish the course?

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Most families have access to digital tools. With the help of some donors National Education Institute Slovenia acquired ICT equipment for children from socially weak families.

Students are using technology and online tools to finish the course. We use online classrooms, online quizzes, email and video calls.

Not everyone, but the majority does. At least all my friends do.

More students actually have every digital tool/device they need and they seem to be using them daily to do all kinds of things like study or entertain themselves.

Almost everyone has access to digital tools, but there are of course some some don't have that luxury. Some families can't afford buying a tablet or a laptop and some others don't have a strong internet connection and children don't have the opportunity to follow the online classes. There are many families who do not have the necessary supplies for online courses as a result of which they do not have access to the courses and this has the consequence that they do not move on.

In your country, do all families have access to digital tools?

Are students using technology and online tools to finish the course?

Luckily most families have access to digital tools. But there are some families that don't. Some people can't afford that.

The students are using digital tools to finish the course. We're doing online classes and homework with these tools, because not being face to face we can't do it the traditional way. But when we went to school we also used digital tools.

Apart from online classes, we can watch TV classes that the government has organized.

Teenagers have extra-school activities homework and video calls too.

Most families have access to digital tools. Students are using the technology and online tools to finish the course.

Students use the online classes, online exams and video calls. Our teachers make online meeting with us so we can ask all questions. Technology is very useful for these days.




Also the government has organized online classes and meeting for students and families.

Even in remote areas of our country, technology is always available to the greater masses, and the majority of families have an internet connection installed in their home.

It's not guaranteed that the hardware they use will be of adequate quality, but each student has access to the internet and can resolve any pertinent issues in their spare time. Each course demands access to the internet and the online courses, therefore for a student to finish the course they need to have the right equipment for the job.

Does your country establish specific rules these days to cope the COVID-19?

Which are these rules?

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Yes, Greece has established some rules. Not everyone is allowed to go outside if there is an important reason. Also, all people must maintain the rules about social distancing and have their ID card and a specific paper always with them that allows them to go outside, they also have to carry with them their identity otherwise they will have to pay an amount of money because they didn't follow the rules.

It is forbidden for cars to have more than 2 people inside and there is a specific number of customers inside a supermarket or a pharmacy.

It is trying to maintain a distance between the citizens. Yes, it is closing the schools and giving us more time for gaming!

They keep people in their homes and try to maintain social distancing as much as they can. Yes, it's keeping us inside for our "wellbeing". Yes, they closed everything, even the churches!

Of course, in this situation it is of first necessity to establish specific rules, because if we don't establish rules we can't stop this. They established the lockdown first of all for 2 weeks but the situation was getting worse so that's why the government decided to extend the lockdown

On May 18th we reached phase 1. These are the rules:

- You can meet with your friends or families (not more than 10 people) in a house.
- Bars and restaurants can open but only with a 30% capacity, Shops will open, but malls will stay closed.
- High sport performance centers will open. For example, here in Catalonia: CAR Centre d'Alt Rendiment, You can't move from your province.
- Hotels and tourist accommodation will open.

But, obviously, you have to follow the sanitary rules to do all of this

Just before the lockdown, Slovenia got a new conservative government.

Measures were necessary, but some were exaggerated and inconsistent with healthcare professionals.

For most daily activities, Slovenians were confined to their home municipalities except to go to work, to do farm work, provide assistance to persons in need of care, and access emergency services, pharmacies, diplomatic missions and judicial authorities.

Within our municipality we were still allowed to go to shops and access services that were provided despite the sweeping lockdown, and if such services were not available in our municipality we were allowed to go to the nearest place where they were available.

We had to wear protective gloves and protective masks in all indoor public spaces. A safe distance had to be maintained between the people. Only members of the same household could go for a walk in nature together.

The Government of the Republic of Slovenia adopted an ordinance declaring the end of COVID-19 epidemic effective from 15 May, and Slovenia is thus the first country in Europe to take this step. Since the risk of spreading COVID-19 still persists, the general and specific measures will continue to apply until 31 May 2020.

Does your country establish specific rules these days to cope the COVID-19?

Which are these rules?

Although our country doesn't enforce rules as strict as the ones abroad, we have certain limitations that keep us relatively safe compared to other countries. These limitations include the number of people in any given group of bystanders that venture outside of their home (i.e. the number of people in a car or in a public institution and so on) and the distance between each person that has left their residence.






Multiple businesses have been locked down, and people are confined to their homes simply because every other institution (besides the food store) is closed.

Of course our country established specific rules. When we go out, we have to use mask and keep social distance. Restaurants and bars closed. People who don't work have to stay home. Especially children and old people can't go out because it is forbidden. Only for two days they can go out. These days are Wednesday and Sunday.

You can't move from your province. There is curfew in 15 cities for weekends. We have a lot of strict rules because Covid-19 is important and strong virus. Many of these rules will continue. People have to follow these rules. Three days ago, our president has had an announcement. In this announcement, the cafes, restaurants, kindergardens will be opened in June.

**Do students think that EU respects managed
to follow European values in recent times?**

Why?

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The European Union should move more harmoniously and, most importantly, more unitedly. So far it has done well but the difficult part is ahead, we will see.

If we believe that the violation of human rights is in the European ideals, then it went amazingly well! It did not do well because it could not put all the countries in a common line.

Most of the students don't think EU respects all of those values, because there are countries such as Italy and Spain that have to deal with this situation alone. Moreover, instead of trying to help at any cost the members of the EU and support them, the powerful countries are trying to destroy the smaller and weaker ones.

European Union is forced not to follow some of the European values like freedom of circulation, in order to keep safe the European community.

Although the cause of those rules that were established, for protecting people from covid-19, limited their human values, the period of time was not too much to affect people's life.

I believe that European has maintained its values because in my opinion all the laws for the Member States are observed, but there are things that are done without the people knowing.

The freedom of one person ends at the freedom of the people around him. The moment someone with his irresponsibility put public health in danger, then the government had to impose strictly restrictive measures. It did very well because it prioritized human life.

The European Union should move more harmoniously and, most importantly, more unitedly. So far it has done well but the difficult part is ahead, we will see.

No, some EU institutions did not act in unison and responded too late to the pandemic. EU did not help the most affected countries (Italy, Spain, France) in time.

It is important that governments keep human rights and fundamental freedoms at the heart of measures to combat the pandemic. The European Union should force its members to do this and not just watch what is happening.

We understand that in times of epidemic, freedom of movement is restricted, but freedom of private life, freedom of thought, religion, association, speech and information must not be restricted.

There is a growing concern in Europe to limit the influence and functioning of civil society. With the growing influence of elites and nationalist far-right political movements, democracy in society is declining.

Do students think that EU respects managed to follow European values in recent times?

Why?

No because they haven't helped many countries such as Italy, Spain, France etc... They need doctors, masks and some medical supplies. They just watched. It is hard times especially for them. Many countries manage the process efficiently so politicians are important characters for this time.

Our government opened new hospitals for this virus. People are treated easily in hospitals. We understood that freedom and human rights are very significant. Every human is equal and has the same rights.





No, because they have not helped the countries most affected at the beginning of the pandemic in Europe, such as Spain and Italy, and they have not given any help to doctors or necessary material for hospitals.

It's quite difficult, the politicians have a huge responsibility in society and taking good decisions is not easy. So it depends on the country, there are countries that do it better than others. Our country isn't of those who have done it better, but there are countries that have done it worse. And the students are a little bit mad with this because we're stressed and lots of us complain, but if we want to stop this we have to do it and together.

In other countries such as the UK (which has recently left the European Union, but is still part of Europe) and Italy, immigration and movement is as unrestricted as ever, and the lack of social limitations has led to rampant spreading of various diseases including COVID-19 among the deepest reaches of the population.

This means that while certain countries have maintained the respectable image that the Europe seeks to display in its being, others struggle to keep up with their exemplary counterparts.

What do words “politics” mean to you nowadays?

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Politics means to me the activities that are associated with the governance of a country.

And politics is about some specific people, the government, and how they can manage a country from all perspectives. Politics, the other word for power.

Politics keeps the balance and democracy is the voice of the people.

They mean nothing, they are just words that the state uses to control us more easily

These days, politics are all about power and money. Most of the politicians are trying to gain as much votes as they can at any cost and they make big promises they can't keep. Only a specific number of them are doing what is best for the country.

Politics for us means choosing the right person for the future of our country for our future too and also following the rules and doing good for our country.

politics" today I think mean the first has to do with people who make decisions most of the time without the consent of the people and the second I

Politics : ideas, things that someone believe in

Politics should serve the good of many, but does it?

In Slovenia, the word politics has a negative connotation. Many people think of lies, corruption, quarrels.

We are saddened that the Slovenian government wants to use the coronavirus crisis for political gain. With such actions, our trust in politicians is lost.

It is very sad when politicians think they are worth more than other people and that they can offend other citizens.

Nowadays this means nothing to us. There are very good politicians but there are others that are not good at all.

We see things that we don't really like. They only take money into account. Money is more important for them than people's lives.

We imagine that being a politician isn't easy, but what some of them do and the reason why they do it has no explanation.

What do words "politics" mean to you nowadays?



Politics means actions or activities concerned in achieving and using power in governmental issues.

However like the meaning of democracy does, its meaning has changed too.

The term "politics" encompasses a variety of complex interactions (which can be expressed in various ways) between people, groups and organizations as well as their governments, and the scope of this phenomenon has increased throughout the 21st century.

Politics is still a shaky subject, we seek to improve our quality of life and provide reasonable assistance to others no matter what party we support.

What do words “democracy” mean to you nowadays?

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Democracy means that everyone has the right to express his opinion and is free to do whatever he wants in normal frames.

Democracy means to me rule by the people.

Democracy, the power of the people.

I have not yet been involved in politics, but I like the idea of democracy, we must live freely and participate in decisions. democracy is the voice of the people.

They mean nothing, they are just words that the state uses to control us more easily.

Democracy, the illusion of ordinary people that they control the people in power.

Democracy, the power of the people.

There is democracy in our country (not in every decision), but there are so many countries that don't have the opportunity to choose for themselves. Most of the students believe, democracy is the most important human right and everyone's opinion should matter no matter the gender, age or origin

Democracy for us means freedom and having the right to express our opinions without being judged or misunderstood but respected from the people around us.

Democracy is no longer democracy, because some of the very important human rights are forbidden.

Democracy: statement, when people are able to express their opinion for the way some things should happened

Democracy means the decision-making of all people in an area, regardless of race, religion, gender, sexual orientation or other personal circumstance.

The current situation shows that democratic values can be quickly forgotten. We must constantly stand for democratic values and fundamental rights and freedoms.

Democracy" should mean freedom of speech and expression thereof in modern society, but Western countries have thrown the term in total disregard with the rise of "cancel culture" among rampant left-wing ideologies. In the Baltic countries, democracy has retained its integrity, and the voice of the people is never frowned upon or disregarded.

While politics is still a shaky subject, we seek to improve our quality of life and provide reasonable assistance to others no matter what party we support.

What do words "democracy" mean to you nowadays?

Democracy in this crisis time is being tested. Politicians have failed to react in time because it is a sanitary crisis and they haven't been able to listen to the scientists.

Democracy is only useful in some cases, because the politicians use democracy when they want, and if it is going to be useful for themselves.

Democracy means a system that is exercised through freely elected representatives.

However for us, its meaning has changed a lot owing to the deeds of current government. They work for their own sake. If you think something which is exactly the opposite idea of them, you will fail. Therefore you have to obey all the rules they want us to do.

SUMMARY OF STUDENTS COMMENTS

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| <p>Question 1</p> <p>How covid-19 changed students' life? daily life school relation with other people</p> | <p>As the students emphasize, covid-19 changed the lives of all people, including them as students. Above all, what they have done so far has routinely changed its dimension, and in some aspects it has become forbidden or limited - such as meeting with friends, going out to the shops, going to the outside, doing sports, leisure activities, extra activities and above all learning at school.</p> <p>As students emphasize, online learning is not the same as school lessons. Learning online was difficult because they weren't used to it and suddenly, it required more self-work, self-study, time organisation and more responsibility in catching up, or being on time with tasks. This situation made most of them appreciate direct teaching even more.</p> <p>Covid also influenced their relationships - and as they emphasize, although they managed to find other forms of spending their free time, because so far they were impossible due to quarantine, the barriers to meeting friends could not be broken and over time everyone started to feel the longing for spending time directly with friends and family. as you can see, even daily phone calls and videoconferencing are not enough and as covid emphasizes, he forced them to be antisocial.</p> <p>The situation with covid-19, as students emphasize, made us realize that we cannot take anything for granted and everything can change from one moment to another. And that the things they considered so far to be obvious are no longer so. The daily ritual has turned into an unknown and embarrassing way of dealing with this whole situation . And the devices that had been used so far when the pupils felt like it - now they have even become necessary and helpful in coping with this time.</p> <p>This time is also a time for reflection, as the students emphasize, nothing will be the same as before, In difficult times, good people are better and bad people are worse, In this time, everyone has shown their true faces.</p> |
| <p>Question 2</p> <p>What are the main problems students have to deal with?</p> | <p>The main problem for the pupils is the general handling of the quarantine and prohibition situation - as the students emphasize - they can help themselves and others by following the doctors' instructions: stay at home, often wash and disinfect hands, keep a safe distance, wear protective masks and gloves in public places and so on. As they emphasize, if everyone does these things in the end, we will make the COVID-19 disappear. In their opinion, these instructions are very important for everyone, because we can fight covid.</p> <p>As the students emphasize, you can see the real faces of people during the pandemic. There are students who do not offer their help to others who need it because they are arrogant, passive and selfish. But j There are also many students who really want to help in this situation in the world. For example, they organize volunteer events to raise money and give it to hospitals.</p> <p>As they said students can strongly protest against what is happening in schools at the moment or suggest solutions that are feasible.</p> <p>One of the students main problems is the lack of opportunities to meet with family and friends. The solution for them is new technologies, phones, online meetings, but it is not the same. Direct contact with friends and family may be somewhat mitigated by video calls.</p> |

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| | <p>Another problem is remote learning. Many of them have difficulties with remote learning, some students had problems with access to the Internet and devices, so they couldn't participate in the courses. If the student did not have a computer, the telephone became the solution, worse if it was a problem with the Internet. Students feel that distance learning is not of the same quality as classroom learning. Distance learning requires a lot of organisation and self-discipline, they need to have a structured timetable and share their time accordingly - they started to appreciate learning at school more face to face.</p> <p>As they said, teachers can help because if they don't understand the subject, they can turn to teachers and ask for help, and teachers can have video conversations with students to help them learn. Trainers can also help, because many pupils play sports, so trainers can help their players by advising them how to practice.</p> <p>It is also a problem that the students felt bored because it was difficult for them to organize their free time due to the quarantine. This required them to find new ways of spending free time or forms of training (physical activity). As they stressed, if we are bored, if we argue with relatives, we can go to nature, meditate, read books, talk online, listen to music, do sports at home.</p> <p>And one more problem is spending most of the time in front of a computer monitor or a phone screen, which have become the only way to deal with everyday duties and the ability to satisfy needs - such as relationships with family and friends.</p> |
| <p>Question 3</p> <p>In your country, do all families have access to digital tools? Are students using technology and online tools to finish the course?</p> | <p>Students use online technologies and tools to complete the course. They have used online classes, online quizzes, email and video chat. In addition to online classes, they could also watch TV classes organized by the government.</p> <p>It turns out that everyone has a mobile phone - very few people do not have this possibility. But there are still many families who do not have the necessary resources to run online courses, as a result of which they do not have access to the courses and, consequently, are not able to continue learning remotely and pass to the next class.</p> |
| <p>Question 4</p> | <p>The rules introduced because of covid were similar in all countries: wearing masks, quarantine, keeping social distance, leaving home only for important reasons. As students emphasized, some bans were necessary, but some of them were exaggerated and inconsistent</p> |

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| <p>Does your country establish specific rules these days to cope the COVID-19? Which are these rules?</p> | <p>with health care workers.</p> |
| <p>Question 5</p> <p>Do students think that EU respects managed to follow European values in recent times? Why?</p> | <p>Students are divided on this issue. Some believe that respect for the EU has recently managed to follow European values. Some believe that Europe has preserved its values because all the laws of the Member States are respected, but there are things that are done without the citizens' knowledge. However, there is a group that believes that the EU did not fully respect European values because some EU institutions did not act unanimously and reacted too late to a pandemic. The EU did not help the countries most affected by the pandemic (Italy, Spain, France) in time, did not provide any assistance to doctors or the necessary materials for hospitals. In their opinion, if we believe that "human rights violations " are in the European ideals, then the European Union's implementation of this value in time covid went surprisingly well - because, as they said, they understand that in times of epidemics, freedom of movement is limited, but freedom of private life, freedom of thought, religion, association, expression and information must not be restricted.</p> |
| <p>Question 6</p> <p>What do words "politics" and democracy mean to you nowadays?</p> | <p>For students, politics means actions or activities related to the achievement and use of power in governmental matters. Politics is more about management.</p> <p>For many of them "politics" has negative connotations, because when thinking about politics it has associations with lies, corruption, arguments. For them, politics is about power and making promises, politicians do not care about the good of people but about money.</p> <p>For students, democracy is a certain idea - a collection of ideas that mean:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - decision-making by all people in a given area, regardless of race, religion, gender, sexual orientation or other personal circumstances. - freedom and the right to express one's opinion without being judged or misunderstood, but respected by the people around us. - to live freely and participate in decision-making. - people can express their opinion on how some things should happen - Democracy means a system that is implemented through freely chosen representatives and gives the opportunity - to think differently |

from the ruling party

- Democracy is only useful in some cases because politicians use democracy when they want and if it is to be useful to themselves. - tool
- democracy of values too - but as the current situation shows with covid that democratic values can quickly be forgotten. We must constantly stand up for democratic values and fundamental rights and freedoms.

Many students say that the word politics and democracy have changed their meanings because people could not vote and make any decisions about covid. Democracy is no longer a democracy because some very important human rights are banned. On the other hand, democracy, which according to them means freedom of speech and generally the freedom to do whatever you want, as long as it is legal and reasonable, is no longer the same and has been mastered by recent events.

Differences between politics and democracy in the opinion of students:

First of all, in the students' statements you can see the different meanings given to these terms - politics takes on a more negative meaning, positive democracy. This may be due to the fact that democracy is a collection of values and ideas, something abstract, at the level of declarations and ideas - as it should be and not everyone has the opportunity to experience it realistically, and politics is about specific people, about management, about real actions, the effects of which we all experience later on as citizens on different levels. And democracy as a set of values can be used by politicians as a "bargaining chip" to pursue their own goals that are not fully compatible with the idea of democracy.